DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

Faculty

Stephen Carls (1983). University Professor of History and Department Chair. B.A., Wheaton College; M.A. and Ph.D., University of Minnesota.

D. Keith Bates (2004). Assistant Professor of History. B.A., Union University; M.A., Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary; Ph.D., Kansas State University.

Judy C. Leforge (1999). Associate Professor of History. B.A. and M.A., Western Kentucky University; Ph.D., University of Memphis.

W. Terry Lindley (1986). Professor of History. B.A., Texas A & M University; M.A., University of New Orleans; Ph.D., Texas Christian University; Additional study, Southwestern Baptist Theological Seminary.

David Thomas (1994). Professor of History. B.S., The Ohio State University; M.S., University of Michigan; Ph.D., The Ohio State University.

Curriculum

The Department of History offers courses that are designed to meet both cultural and professional objectives. The history courses attempt to give the student a discriminating knowledge of the past by encouraging an understanding of other times according to the standards of those times and by evaluating institutions and movements in the light of their effects upon later developments. History students encounter a diversity of teaching styles, learn about the methods of the discipline, and deepen their understanding of the integration of Christian faith and history. The geography courses provide the student with an understanding of the relationship between geographical elements and man's life on earth.

I. History Major Requirements—36 hours

- A.Required: HIS 101, 102, 211, 212, 245, 498
- B. Two from: HIS 301, 311, 312, 317, 320, 322, 420 (World)
- C. Two from: HIS 315, 330, 331, 332, 411, 414, 415, 417, 422 (American)
- D. One from: HIS 300, 305, 316, 397 (Church)
- E. One upper-level HIS elective
- II. Teacher Licensure for History (Grades 7-12)
 - A.Major requirements as shown above and to include 322.
 - B. Additional requirements for licensure: GEO 112; 215 or 216; and PSC 211.
 - C. Professional Education: EDU 150, 250, 326, 425, 433; PSY 213, 318; SE 225.
 - D. Completion of applicable portions of the Praxis II.
 - E. For additional information, see the Assistant Dean for Teacher Education and Accreditation.

III. History Minor-21 hours

- A. Requirements of all History Minors
 - 1. HIS 101, 102, 245
 - 2. HIS 211 or 212
- B. Requirements for General History Emphasis —9 hours
 - 1. One of: HIS 301, 311, 312, 317, 320, 322, 420 (World)
 - 2. One of: HIS 315, 330, 331, 332, 411, 414, 415, 417, 422 (American)
 - 3. One upper-level HIS elective
- C. Requirements for Church History Emphasis
 - -9 hours
 - 1. HIS 305
 - 2. Two of: HIS 300, 316, 397

Assessment of Majors

History 498 is the culmination of the history major's study in which the student demonstrates the use of the tools of historical research and writing by composing a major paper that includes primary sources. This course requires the major to discuss with fellow history students the methodological and historiographical problems that historians face and to share the findings of his/her paper in a seminar setting. All senior history majors must also take the Major Field Achievement Test in History.

70

Course Offerings in History (HIS)

() Hours Credit; F–Fall, W–Winter; S–Spring; Su– Summer

101. World Civilization to the 18th Century (3) F, W, S, Su

Social, economic, political, and intellectual characteristics of human society with emphasis on people, movements, and ideas influencing the development of civilization.

102. World Civilization from the 18th Century (3) F, W, S, Su

A continuation of HIS 101 with emphasis on the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries.

211. The United States to 1877 (3) F, S

A survey of United States emphasizing English colonization, the American Revolution, the adoption of the Constitution, the growth of nationalism and sectionalism, the Civil War, and reconstruction.

212. The United States from 1877 (3) F, S

A survey of United States emphasizing new social and industrial problems, the rise of progressivism, America's emergence as a world power, World War I, postwar reaction and the New Deal, World War II, and contemporary America.

245. History and Historians (3) F

An introduction to the nature of historical research and to various schools and philosophies of history. This course is normally taken during one's sophomore year.

300. American Church History (3) F—Even Years

Reciprocal credit: CHR 300.

Religious and church developments in America from the Puritans to the present.

301. Ancient History (3) S-Even Years

Prerequisite: HIS 101.

Mediterranean-based civilization of the ancient world. Emphasis will be given to the Near East, Greece, and Rome.

305. History of Christianity (3) F, S

Prerequisite: HIS 101 and 102. Reciprocal credit: CHR 305.

A survey of Christianity from Christ to the present.

311. England to 1714 (3) F-Even Years

Origin and growth of the English people from ancient times to the 18th century. Emphasis is placed on constitutional developments.

312. Modern Britain and the Empire (3) S—Odd Years

Main currents of thought, constitutional changes, the rise of parliament, and foreign policy.

315. History and Government of Tennessee (3) S Reciprocal credit: PSC 315.

The political, constitutional, social, and economic history from 1796 to the present.

316. Renaissance and Reformation (3) F—Odd Years Reciprocal credit: CHR 316.

Northern and Southern Renaissance; Reformation, Counter-reformation, and Protestantism.

317. The French Revolution and Napoleon I (3) F or Su—Odd Years

A study of the background, personalities, and events of the Revolution, the Napoleonic Wars, and the Congress of Vienna.

320. Latin American History (3) S-Odd Years

An introduction to the history of Latin America beginning with pre-colonial and colonial history, but emphasizing the period since independence.

322. Twentieth Century Europe (3) S—Even Years Prerequisite: HIS 102.

The history of the economic, social, and political developments since 1914 with an emphasis on international relations.

330. Colonial America, 1607-1776 (3) S—Even Years

Historical development of the colonies which became the United States, from origins to the Declaration of Independence.

331. American Revolution & Early National Period, 1776-1828 (3) F—Even Years

A study of the American Revolution and national development under the Federalist and Republican administrations.

332. Civil War & Reconstruction (3) S—Even Years The American nation during the years leading to the Civil War, the war itself, and the immediate aftermath.

411. American Foreign Policy (3) F-Odd Years

Reciprocal credit: PSC 411.

A survey of the most significant developments of American foreign policy with an emphasis on problems arising from the emergence of the United States as a world power.

414. The Gilded Age and Progressive Era, 1877-1920 (3) F—Odd Years

A study of the energetic and controversial transformation of America from a rural commercial society to an urban,

431. History Internsu5air

422. The United States in the Cold War Era, 1945-1991 (3) S—Odd Years

A survey of political, social, and economic changes in the U.S. from the Truman administration to the end of the Gulf War. Emphasis is placed on domestic reforms, civil rights, foreign policy, and the Korean War, Vietnam, and Cold War.